

# Procemin·GEOMET 2020

16<sup>th</sup> International Mineral Processing Conference  
7<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Geometallurgy

## Multi Pixel stochastic approach to mineral samples spectral analysis for geometallurgical modelling.

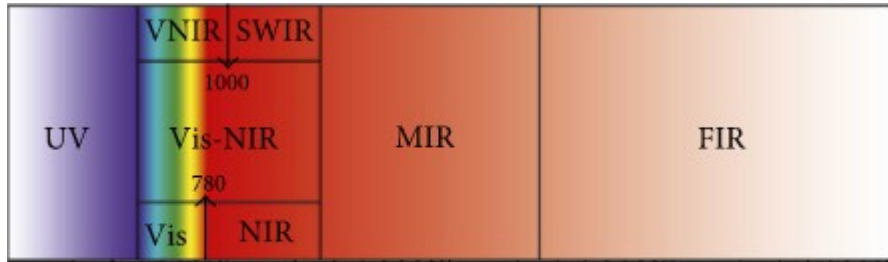
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[gecamin.com/procemin.geomet](http://gecamin.com/procemin.geomet)

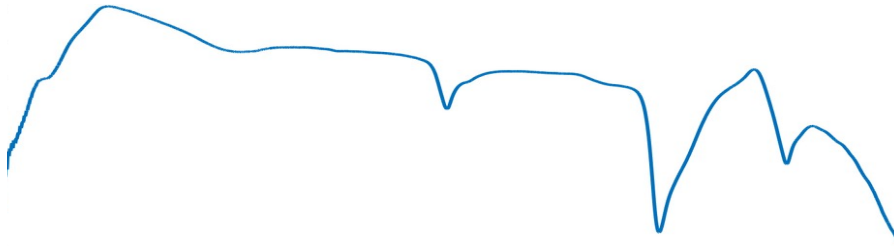


**GECAMIN**

# VIS-NIR Technology

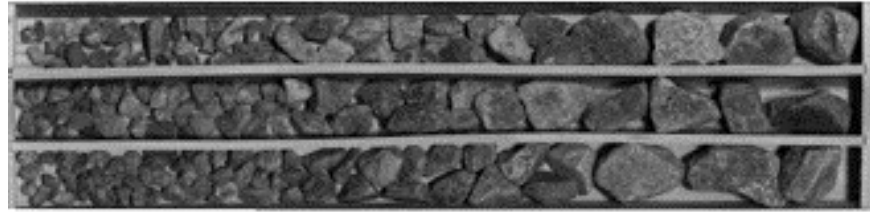
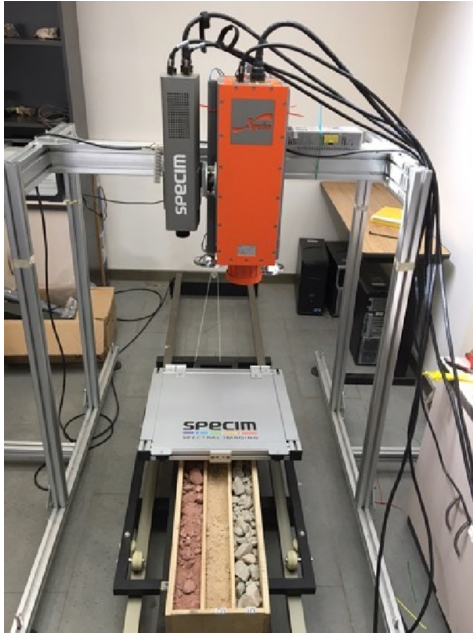


Wavelength range:  
VIS: 350 to 1000 nm  
NIR: 1000 to 2500 nm



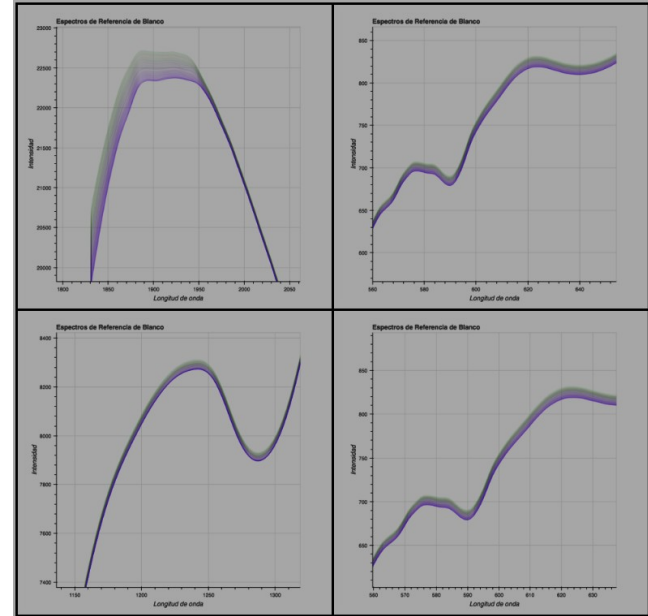
Raw Spectra of mineral

# Laboratory Setup

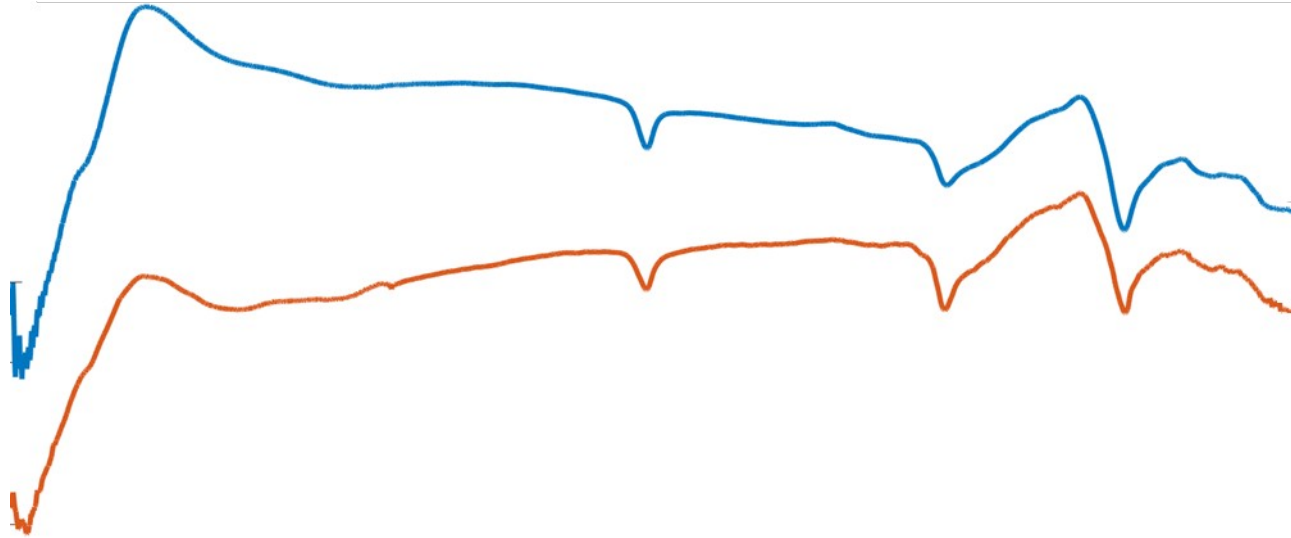


2D VIS-NIR Image

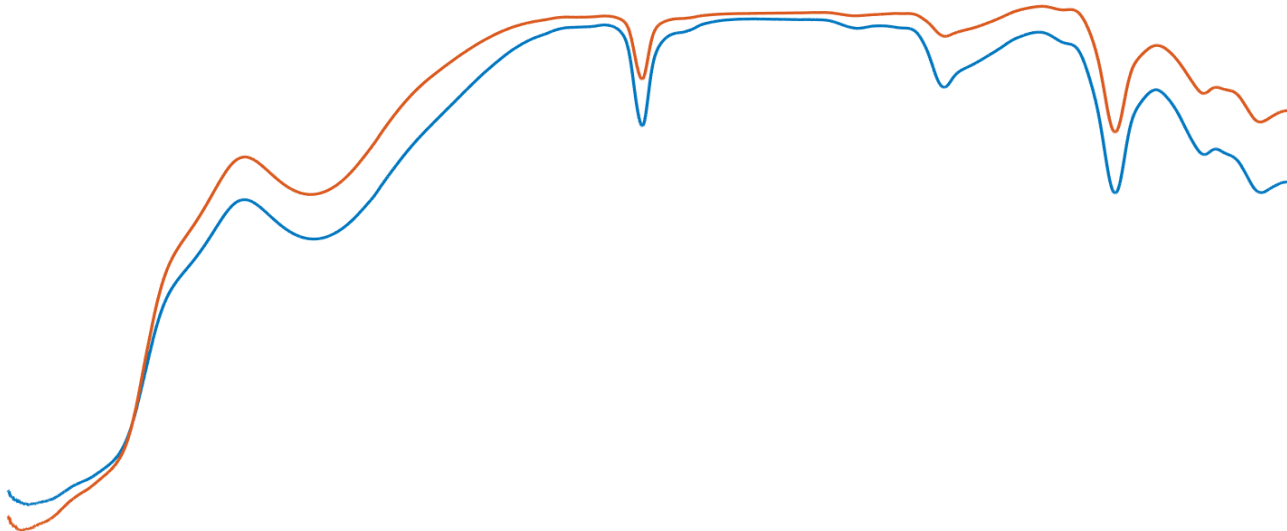
# Typical Issue – Lamp Stability



# Typical Issue – White Reference Calibration



# Typical Issue - Grain Size



# Why 2D Image?

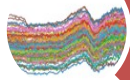


One pixel information

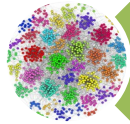


2D Image

# Proposed Algorithm



Data preprocessing



Clustering algorithm



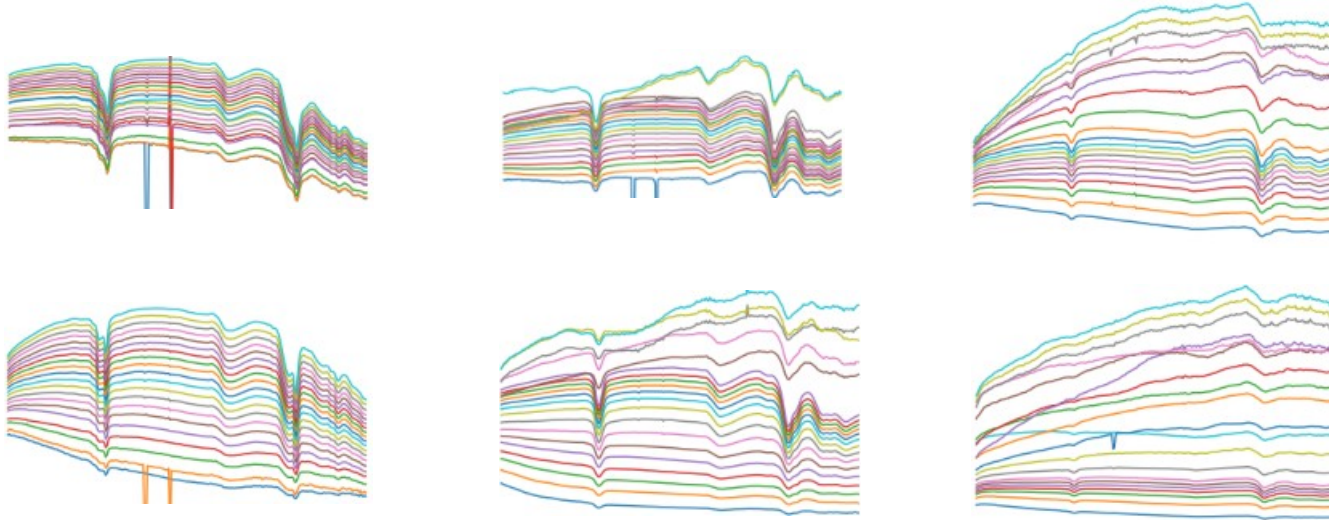
Cluster regression



Prediction Distribution

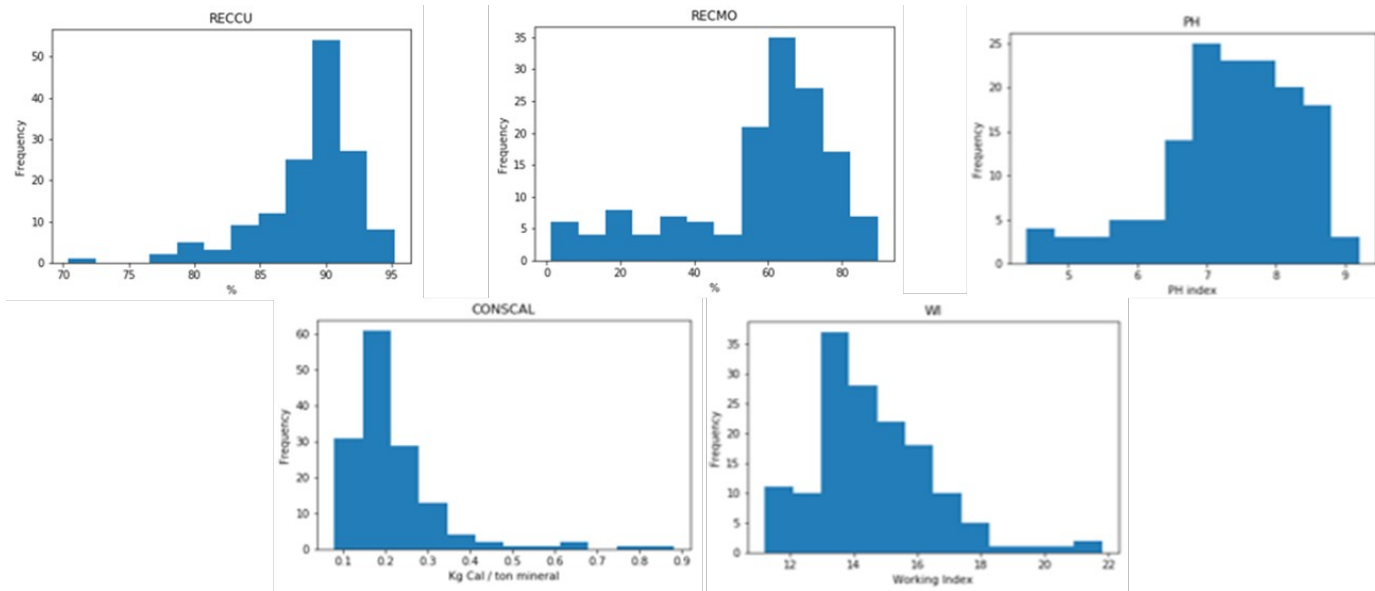


# Clustering Examples

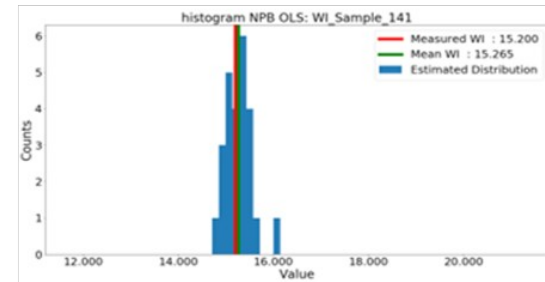
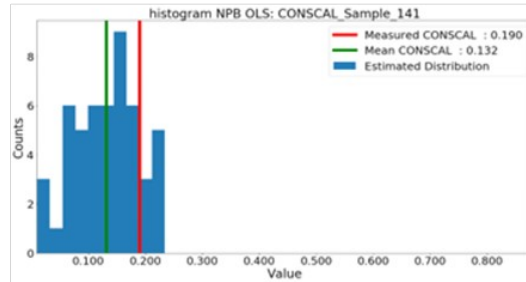
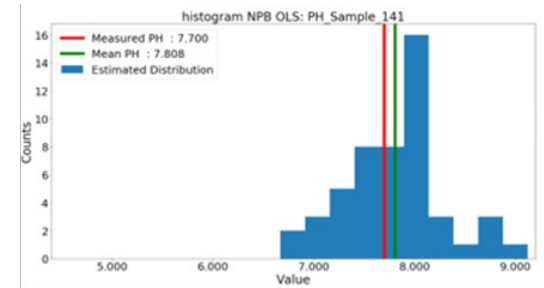
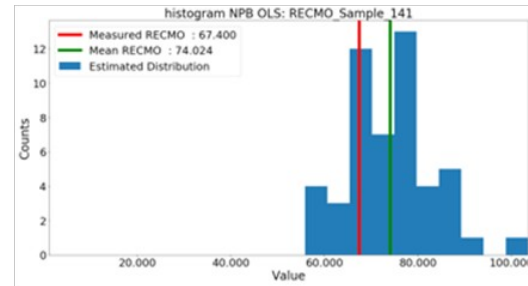
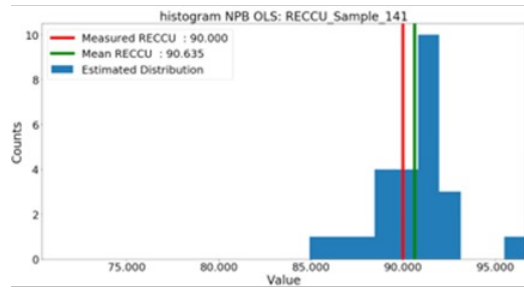


Mineral variability of samples is relevant for geometallurgical characterization

# Experiment – Data Variability



# Experiment – Prediction Example



# Experiment – Results

Model Regression		RECCU	RECMO	PH	CONSCAL	WI
	<b>Dynamic Range</b>	24.799	88.500	4.799	0.800	10.600
Naive individual Spectra based classification	<b>MAE</b>	4.568	18.639	0.810	0.095	1.594
	<b>RMSE</b>	5.192	23.387	1.061	0.125	2.077
Proposed Approach	<b>MAE</b>	<b>0.680</b>	2.871	<b>0.151</b>	<b>0.036</b>	<b>0.350</b>
	<b>RMSE</b>	0.804	<b>2.679</b>	0.178	0.053	0.441